has done some of the research for us. The latest research, and I have a copy of it, from the Canadian government, confirms that drug prices in Canada on average are 56 percent less than they are in the United States.

The Federal government last year spent \$15 billion on prescription drugs. If we could realize just some of the savings by opening up our markets to competition and bringing our prices into line with world prices, we could have more than enough money to open up the benefit to people who are currently not covered for prescription drugs on Medicare. If we could save 30 percent, 30 percent of \$15 billion, Mr. Speaker, is \$4.5 billion. That would go a long way to making certain that every American had access to affordable prescription drugs.

The time has come to take action. I encourage my colleagues to join me in support of H.R. 3240.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. Pallone) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. PALLONE addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

THE MILITARY FAMILY FOOD STAMP ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONES) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. JONES of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, back in March I introduced H.R. 1055. The title is, the Military Family Food Stamp Act. I sent last week a Dear Colleague to my colleagues in the Congress, both Republican and Democrat, asking them to join me in this effort. As of today, we have 91 cosponsors from both sides of the political aisle.

Mr. Speaker, I bring this photograph of this Marine, who is getting ready to deploy for Bosnia, because he represents 60 percent of the families in the United States Armed Forces who are married. He has standing on his feet his daughter Megan, and also in his arms he has his daughter Bridget.

According to a 1995 Pentagon study, we have an estimated 12,000 military families on food stamps. Mr. Speaker, I personally feel that one family on food stamps is one too many. It is unacceptable.

Last week I received a letter from the Fleet Reserve Association endorsing this bill. I would like to read parts to the Members. It is written and signed by the National Executive Secretary, Charles Calkins.

He wrote, and I quote, "The Fleet Reserve Association strongly supports your bill, H.R. 1055, the Military Family Food Stamp Tax Credit Act. The legislation would amend the Internal Revenue Code to allow a \$500 refundable tax credit to certain low-income members of the Uniformed Forces.

"The unfortunate fact that junior enlisted members must rely on food stamps reflects the inadequacy of military compensation. Although there was progress toward closing this significant pay gap between military and civilian pay levels last year, more must be done, and this legislation helps address this reality."

I further quote Charles Calkins. He says, "Petty officers and noncommissioned officers are the backbone of the military services. They deserve fair compensation."

Mr. Speaker, I also want to read from the transcript of the television program 20/20, from June 25 of 1999. The show addresses the subject of our military families on food stamps, and the title of the show was "Front Lines, Food Lines." The reporter was Tom Jarriel.

Tom Jarriel talked to a number of military families during this interview who are struggling to make ends meet. I want to share with the Congress part of the transcript from this show.

I first start by quoting Tom Jarriel: "Captain Elliott Bloxom presents the Pentagon's point of view that while some families are struggling, they are the exception and not the rule."

I further quote Tom Jarriel: "We're talking to people who cannot buy an ice cream for their kids when the truck passes outside their home.

Elliott Bloxom says, and I quote him, "These junior people, we feel their entry wage levels are adequate. They are very competitive with the private sector. We find that there are other complicating factors—oftentimes a larger-than-average size family—which places an additional burden on that service member to manage their finances accordingly."

Now I go back to Tom Jarriel. Tom Jarriel says, "Still, the Pentagon has pushed for an overall 4.8 percent pay raise, up to 10 percent for selected troops—a measure now being considered by Congress. And this would be the largest military pay raise in almost 20 years."

Now back to Elliott Bloxom: "We believe that that amount of money, in addition to other services that we provide, should go a long way towards solving the economic problems of some of our most junior people."

Tom Jarriel: "Not so says Congressman Duncan Hunter," one of our colleagues on the floor of the House. "Duncan Hunter says, 'I think our military people have been betrayed. The pay raise will be 4.8 percent. The services are 13.5 percent below the private sector. We need at least another 8 percent pay increase to close that pay gap."

Tom Jarriel: "As an 18-year member of the House Armed Services Committee, Hunter's district includes many of those on the food lines in California."

"DUNCAN HUNTER," and I quote the gentleman from California (Mr. HUNTER) again, Mr. Speaker, he says, "These are our best citizens. If we don't take care of our finest citizens, some day we're going to ring the bell for war and the folks aren't going to show up."

Mr. Speaker, I mention that as I close to say that we in America are extremely lucky to have the men and women in uniform who are willing to die for this country. I want to encourage the leadership, both Republican and Democrat, and my colleagues on both sides of the aisle, to join me in this effort to say to those in uniform who are on food stamps, we care about you and we are trying to help you.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. BARCIA) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BARCIA addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. MILLENDER-MCDONALD) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. MILLENDER-McDONALD addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

PRAISING THE FLORIDA GATORS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. Thurman) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. THURMAN. Mr. Speaker, I am really here tonight to say how proud I am of the Florida Gators who played, I believe, their hearts out last night in the final game of the NCAA basketball tournament.

While the University of Florida lost 89 to 76 after a hard fight, they proved to everyone what they are capable of accomplishing. After all, seven members of the young team's ten man rotation are freshmen and sophomores, and their starting line-up blows from the energy of three sophomores and one freshman.

Despite this relative lack of experience, the Gators finished their most successful season in the school's history at 29 wins and only 9 losses."

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Hopefully, all of these fine young men will be back to lead the Gators to victory next season but for now last night's game showed how far the Florida basketball program has come in recent years. The Gators made their first Final Four appearance in 1994, and last night marked the school's first title game appearance ever. No loss can possibly take away from that great accomplishment. This team has spirit and get up and go, and I know they will use this experience to gain even more ground in the future.

Following the game, Florida coach Billy Donovan summed up his team's